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NatWest South East Growth Tracker

Output declines at softer rate at the end of the year









NatWest South East Growth Tracker

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Key findings

December 2024

Contraction in activity eases

New orders down for second successive month

Backlogs depleted at sharpest rate since February 2024

The NatWest South East Growth Tracker provides a timely snapshot of regional economic performance.

The report tracks monthly changes in business activity, demand, employment, backlogs, prices and the year-ahead outlook. The data are compiled from local companies that participate in S&P Global's UK manufacturing and services PMI surveys.

For more reports on 12 UK nations and regions, visit www.natwest.com/business/insights/economics







Output declines at softer rate at the end of the year

South East firms remained optimistic towards the future, despite sustained falls in activity and new orders, according to latest Regional Growth Tracker data

In response to the subdued sales environment in December, private sector firms lowered their workforce levels, while managing to make further inroads to their backlogs. There were signs of the downturn easing as activity decreased at a slower rate on the month.

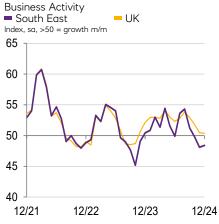
The headline South East Business Activity Index was up from 48.1 in November to 48.4 in December, thus remaining in contraction for each month of the final quarter. The rate of decline was only modest, however, and softer than in the previous survey period. The decrease in activity reportedly reflected a combination of weaker sales and uncertainty surrounding public policy.

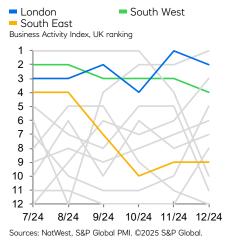
Of the 12 monitored UK areas, only the North West, Northern Ireland and Scotland posted faster declines in activity than seen locally. NatWest South East Business Activity Index December 2024

48.4

The Business Activity Index is a diffusion index calculated from companies' responses to a question on monthly changes in the volume of business activity. The index varies between 0 and 100 and is the sum of the percentage of 'higher' responses and half the percentage of 'unchanged' responses. A reading above 50 indicates an increase compared to the previous month, and below 50 a decrease. The index is seasonally adjusted.

Data compiled 5-19 December









Comment

Catherine van Weenen, Territory Head of Commercial Mid Market at NatWest, commented:

"Despite a moderate setback with respect to new business, South East firms remained strongly confident in the future outlook. In fact, the South East was the joint-fourth most optimistic area of the 12 monitored. Positively, the contraction in activity was also

less pronounced on the month.

"South East companies were able to clear some of their backlogs amid subdued sales. This triggered a reduction in headcounts, as firms continued to prioritise their profit margins.

"Cost pressures ticked up across the region, but were slightly softer than the UK average. Firms felt confident enough to raise charges to a stronger degree, highlighting their efforts to cover increased costs."



Business Activity

Index, sa, >50 = growth m/m. Dots = long-run average since 1998.







Demand and outlook

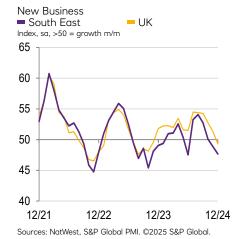
Growth expectations remain robust despite a stronger drop in new business

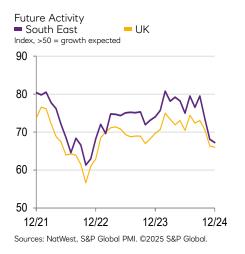
December data pointed to a decrease in new orders placed at companies across the South East, thereby marking the fourth monthly contraction of 2024. The rate of decline was moderate and the strongest seen for six months. Panellists linked the downturn to client hesitancy following the Autumn Budget.

The local drop in sales was faster than the UK-wide trend.

The outlook for future activity remained firmly in positive territory in December. Growth expectations, strong pipelines of work and hopes of a pick-up in market conditions reportedly underpinned positive sentiment. Though dipping only slightly on the month, the degree of optimism fell to its weakest for just over two years.

Nevertheless, confidence levels across the South East were among the strongest regionally and exceeded the UK-wide trend. "Despite a moderate setback with respect to new business, South East firms remained strongly confident in the future outlook."









Export markets

Modest improvement in export conditions

At 51.5, the Export Climate Index remained unchanged on the month, to signal a further modest improvement in export conditions for South East businesses.

The overall improvement was again centred on Ireland and the US, with the latter recording a sharper rise in activity on the month. Meanwhile, Germany, France and the Netherlands signalled further declines in activity. That said, the rates of contraction eased in all three cases.

Index, sa, >50 = growth m/m 60 55 50

Export Conditions

45

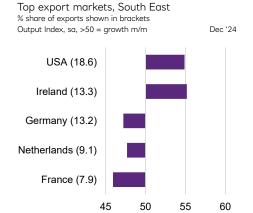
12/21 Sources: NatWest, S&P Global PMI. ©2025 S&P Global.

12/23

12/24

12/22

The South East Export Climate Index (ECI) is an indicator for the economic health of the region's export markets. It is calculated by combining national PMI output data, weighted according to each nation's share of manufacturing exports of the South East. A reading above 50 signals an improvement in export conditions, and below 50 a deterioration.



Sources: NatWest, S&P Global PMI. ©2025 S&P Global.







Jobs and capacity

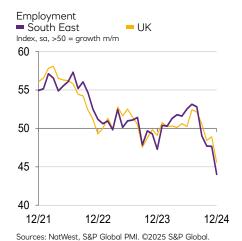
Evidence of spare capacity as backlogs are cleared at the fastest rate since last February

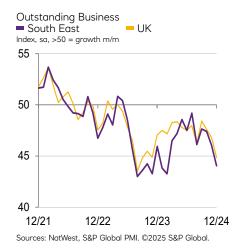
The seasonally adjusted Employment Index remained below the crucial 50.0 mark again in December, to mark a fourth successive month of job cuts. The rate of reduction was the most pronounced since September 2020 and only slower than Wales and the West Midlands.

The decrease reflected attempts to protect profit margins, caution due to proposed National Insurance hikes, as well as staff leavers. Despite a sharp drop in payroll numbers, outstanding business was depleted further and at the strongest rate seen for ten months. Respondents frequently mentioned that they were able to work through unfinished orders given reduced workloads.

The rate of depletion across the South East was slightly faster than seen at the UK level.

"South East companies were able to clear some of their backlogs amid subdued sales. This triggered a reduction in headcounts, as firms continued to prioritise their profit margins."









Inflation

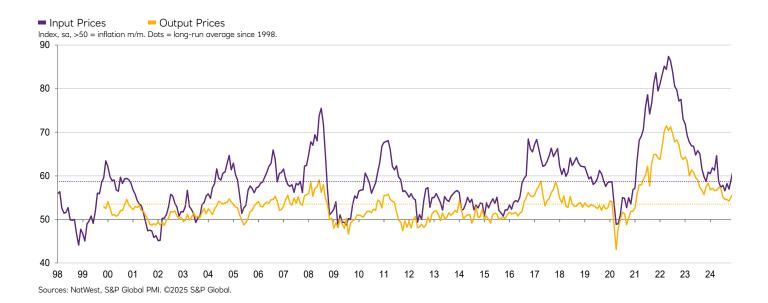
Inflationary pressures creep up but largely in line with the UK-wide trend

Private sector firms based in the South East reported a further increase in their operating expenses in December. Panellists in particular mentioned increased service fees, raw material prices and wage costs in their reports. The rate of cost inflation was robust, its strongest for eight months, but fractionally softer than the UK average trend.

December data revealed a rise in the prices charged for South East goods and services, as firms looked to pass some of the cost burden to customers. Charge inflation reached a six-month high.

The South East placed joint-third in the regional rankings, signalling a slightly stronger rate of inflation compared to the UK average.

"Firms felt confident enough to raise charges to a stronger degree, highlighting their efforts to cover increased costs."





UK Regional Growth Tracker

Business Activity

The North East and London were the two standout performers in terms of regional business activity growth in December. The only other area to see an increase in output was the East Midlands, although the rise there was modest. At the other end of the scale, the North West and Scotland recorded the joint-steepest falls in business activity, followed by Northern Ireland.

Employment

Employment growth in December was confined to just Northern Ireland. Workforce numbers fell in the remaining 11 nations and regions covered by the survey, marking the broadest decline in almost four years. For the fourth month running, companies in Wales recorded the sharpest drop in staffing levels.

Future Activity

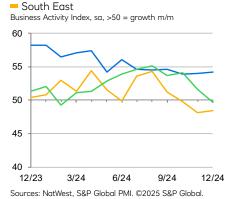
There were varying degrees of optimism towards future activity across the UK's nations and regions in December. Firms in the East Midlands were the most upbeat about the year-ahead outlook, having seen a notable rebound in confidence from the month before. Expectations deteriorated in the majority of areas, however, including Scotland which saw the weakest overall sentiment.

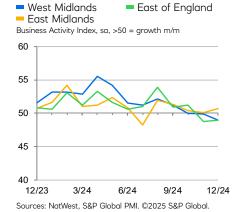


Sources: NatWest, S&P Global PMI. ©2025 S&P Global.

South West

London





Future Activity
Index, >50 = growth expected

East Midlands

London

Yorkshire & Humber

South East

West Midlands

North East

North West

East of England

Wales

South West

Sources: NatWest, S&P Global PMI. ©2025 S&P Global.

50 55

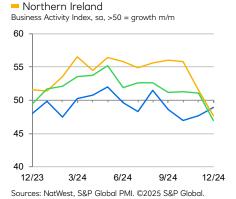
Scotland

60 65 70 75

Northern Ireland

Wales

Scotland



North WestNorth East

Yorkshire & Humber

Business Activity Index, sa, >50 = growth m/m

60

55

40

12/23

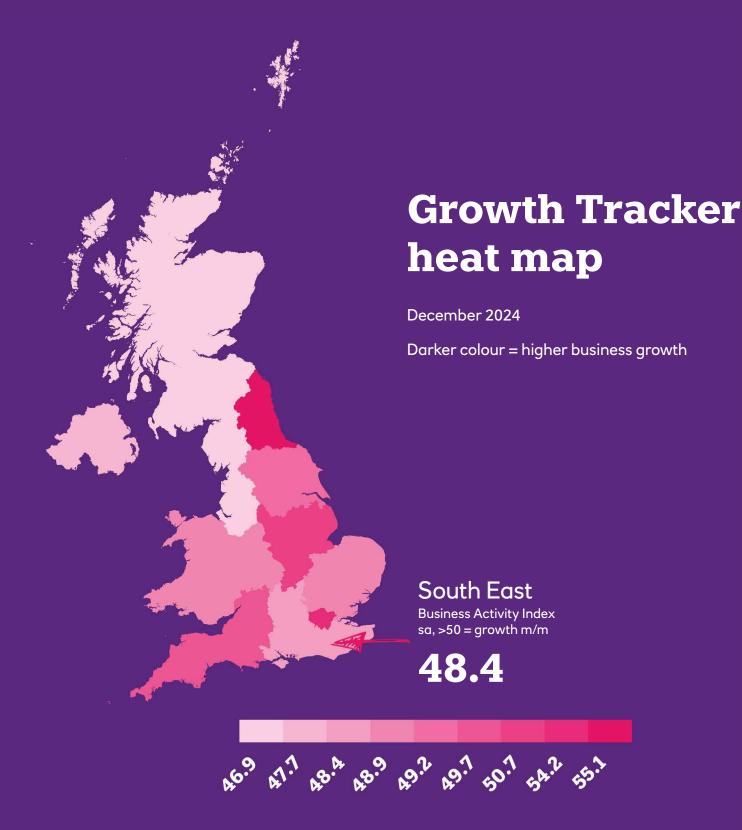
3/24

6/24

9/24

12/24







UK sectors

Sector specialisation: South East

The chart shows UK output indices by sector, ranked by location quotients for the South East. Location quotients (LQs) are ratios derived by comparing the share of sector output (or gross value added) in regions with the national share of output in the same sector.

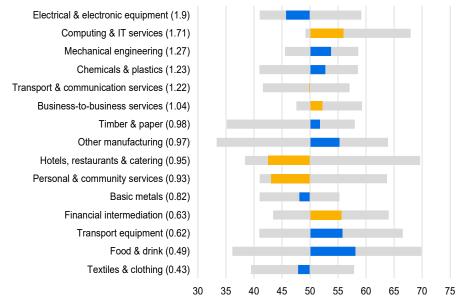
Focusing on the manufacturing and service sectors in isolation, a location quotient is calculated by taking a sector's proportion of regional output and comparing it with the UK-wide share of output in the sector. An LQ of 1.0 in a sector means that the region and the UK as a whole are equally specialised in that sector. An LQ greater than 1.0 indicates that the sector has a greater economic footprint in the region than it does for the UK as a whole.

UK sectors ranked by importance to the South East economy

Manufacturing

Services

3-year range
UK Output Index, sa, >50 = growth m/m Dec '24



Sources: NatWest, S&P Global PMI. ©2025 S&P Global.

Location quotients for the South East are shown in brackets. Latest data are smoothed as three-month moving averages (3mma).

Sector in focus: Electrical & electronic equipment

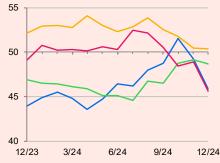
Business conditions deteriorated across the UK's electrical & electronic equipment sector in the final quarter of 2024. After a brief upturn in the autumn, production fell markedly amid a sustained downturn in new orders. Underlying data showed particular weakness in export sales.

With backlogs of work decreasing sharply, firms in the sector once again trimmed workforce numbers, to extend a sequence of staff retrenchment stretching back to September 2023. Job cuts also

coincided with a deterioration in businesses' growth forecasts to the weakest in almost four-and-a-half years.

Turning to prices, latest data showed average output charges across the UK's electrical & electronic equipment sector increasing at an above-trend rate, and one that was the quickest since Q2 2024. Firms raised selling prices in response to sustained strong growth in average input costs.





Sources: NatWest, S&P Global PMI. ©2025 S&P Global. *Data are smoothed as three-month moving average (3mma).



Methodology

The NatWest South East Growth Tracker is compiled by S&P Global from responses to questionnaires sent to South East companies that participate in S&P Global's UK manufacturing and services PMI surveys.

Survey responses are collected in the second half of each month and indicate the direction of change compared to the previous month. A diffusion index is calculated for each survey variable. The index is the sum of the percentage of 'higher' responses and half the percentage of 'unchanged' responses. The indices vary between 0 and 100, with a reading above 50 indicating an overall increase compared to the previous month, and below 50 an

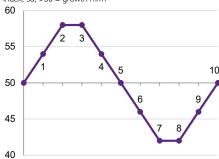
overall decrease. The indices are then seasonally adjusted.

The headline figure is the Business Activity Index. This is a diffusion index calculated from a single question that asks for changes in the volume of business activity (at service providers) or output (at manufacturers) compared with one month previously. The South East Business Activity Index is comparable to the UK Composite Output Index.

Underlying survey data are not revised after publication, but seasonal adjustment factors may be revised from time to time as appropriate which will affect the seasonally adjusted data series.

For further information on the survey methodology, please contact economics@spglobal.com.

Index interpretation
Index, sa, >50 = growth m/m



Sources: NatWest S&P Global PMI @2025 S&P Global

Key

- 1 Growth, from no change
- 2 Growth, faster rate
- 3 Growth, same rate
- 4 Growth, slower rate
- 5 No change, from growth
- 6 Decline, from no change
- Decline, faster rate
- 8 Decline, same rate
- 9 Decline, slower rate
- 10 No change, from decline

Data

South East manufacturing and services

Index, sa, 50 = no change over previous month. *50 = no change over next 12 months.

		New	Export Climate		Outstanding	F . A		0
	Business Activity	Business	Index	Employment	Business	Future Activity	Input Prices	Output Prices
7/24	53.6	53.3	51.4	53.1	49.2	79.5	57.8	55.2
8/24	54.3	54.1	51.8	52.8	46.1	76.5	56.6	54.6
9/24	51.2	52.8	50.9	49.0	47.6	79.5	58.2	54.6
10/24	49.8	50.1	51.4	47.7	47.4	73.5	56.9	54.2
11/24	48.1	48.9	51.5	47.7	46.0	68.1	59.3	55.2
12/24	48.4	47.7	51.5	44.0	44.0	67.2	61.5	55.8



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Contact

Kate Visser Regional Media Relations Manager NatWest +44 (0) 7970 947694 kate.visser@natwest.com

Eleanor Dennison Economist S&P Global Market Intelligence +44 1344 328 197 eleanor.dennison@spglobal.com

Corporate Communications S&P Global Market Intelligence press.mi@spglobal.com



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