# NatWest West Midlands Growth Tracker

West Midlands output falls only modestly at year-end









# NatWest West Midlands Growth Tracker

Contents

Key findings

Business activity

Comment

Demand and outlook

**Export markets** 

Jobs and capacity

Inflation

**UK Regional Growth Tracker** 

**UK** sectors

Methodology and data

Further information





# **Key findings**

December 2024

Sustained fall in new business curbs output volumes

Companies focus on clearing pending workloads

Outlook for business activity in 2025 remains positive

The NatWest West Midlands Growth Tracker provides a timely snapshot of regional economic performance.

The report tracks monthly changes in business activity, demand, employment, backlogs, prices and the year-ahead outlook. The data are compiled from local companies that participate in S&P Global's UK manufacturing and services PMI surveys.

For more reports on 12 UK nations and regions, visit www.natwest.com/business/insights/economics







# West Midlands output falls only modestly at year-end

December data showed a second successive fall in business activity across the West Midlands, but the rate of contraction was only modest and firms foresee growth in 2025.

Firms that signalled a fall remarked on subdued client confidence and reduced intakes of new business. Indeed, sales decreased for the second month in a row, which allowed companies to complete pending workloads but also prompted another round of job shedding. Looking ahead, panel

members were confident of a rise in output over the course of 2025.

The West Midlands Business Activity Index – a seasonally adjusted index that measures the monthon-month change in the combined output of the region's manufacturing and service sectors – was down from 49.9 in November to 48.9 in December, indicating a modest rate of reduction.

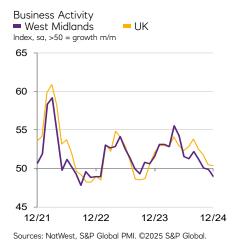
The fall in local business activity compared with growth at the UK level.

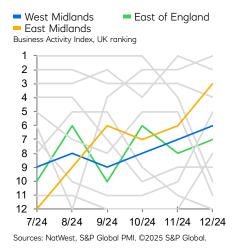
NatWest West Midlands Business Activity Index December 2024

48.9

The Business Activity Index is a diffusion index calculated from companies' responses to a question on monthly changes in the volume of business activity. The index varies between 0 and 100 and is the sum of the percentage of 'higher' responses and half the percentage of 'unchanged' responses. A reading above 50 indicates an increase compared to the previous month, and below 50 a decrease. The index is seasonally adjusted.

Data compiled 5-19 December









### Comment

#### Lisa Phillips, Regional Managing Director, Midlands and East, Commercial Mid Markets

"As we closed out December, local firms faced a slight dip in demand, prompting them to make modest reductions in output volumes. This trend was accompanied by a more pronounced decline in employment, as businesses grappled with a fall in new orders and growing concerns over upcoming increases in employer National Insurance

Contributions and the minimum wage."

"However, there is hope for a turnaround. If firms can boost sales in the coming months, we may see a reversal of this trend. Encouragingly, the local landscape shows signs of improved competitiveness, with the rate of charge inflation remaining the lowest in the country. Also, firms expressed optimism that their investment and marketing strategies will pave the way for growth in 2025."

### Business Activity Index, sa, >50 = growth m/m. Dots = long-run average since 1998.







### **Demand and outlook**

### Downturn in new orders gathers pace

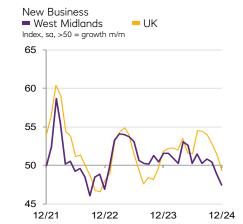
The latest survey results highlighted back-to-back contractions in new orders placed with companies in the West Midlands. December's fall was solid and the fastest in exactly two years. The rate of reduction was also quicker than the UK average.

Challenging economic conditions, subdued client confidence and the postponement of orders were identified by survey members as the main factors behind the drop in sales.

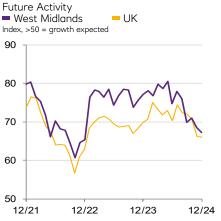
Monitored companies remained confident that output would be higher in 2025 relative to current volumes. Optimism was underpinned by advertising, investment and hopes of a recovery in client demand.

Still, with a numbers of panellists concerned that government policies and price pressures presented headwinds to growth prospects, the overall level of positive sentiment fell to a two-year low. The Future Output Index was nevertheless above the respective UK figure.

"As we closed out December, local firms faced a slight dip in demand"



Sources: NatWest, S&P Global PMI. ©2025 S&P Global.







### **Export markets**

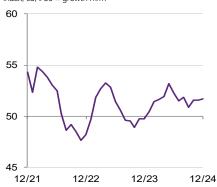
### Export climate remains conducive to growth

At 51.7 in December, the West Midlands ECI was a tick higher than November's 51.6 and signalled the fastest improvement in trade opportunities since August 2024.

Considering the top five export markets for the West Midlands, the above-50.0 ECI reading stemmed from output growth in China and the US. The latter saw a stronger rate of increase, while a moderation was evidenced in China.

Reductions in France, Germany and the Netherlands all softened.

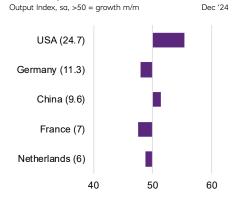
Export Conditions
Index, sa, >50 = growth m/m



Sources: NatWest, S&P Global PMI. ©2025 S&P Global.

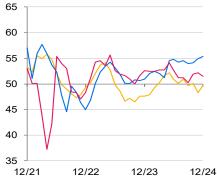
The West Midlands Export
Climate Index (ECI) is an
indicator for the economic
health of the region's export
markets. It is calculated by
combining national PMI output
data, weighted according
to each nation's share of
manufacturing exports of the
West Midlands. A reading above
50 signals an improvement in
export conditions, and below 50
a deterioration.

#### Top export markets, West Midlands % share of exports shown in brackets Output Index, sa, >50 = growth m/m



Sources: NatWest, S&P Global PMI. ©2025 S&P Global.

# Output Eurozone US China Index, sa, >50 = growth m/m







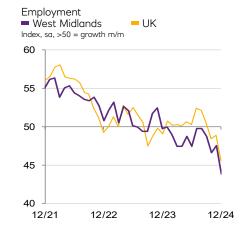
# **Jobs and capacity**

# Local firms allocate resources towards the completion of pending workloads

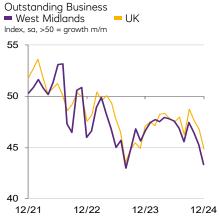
December data showed that West Midlands firms had ample resources to work through outstanding business at the end of the year. The latest decline in backlogs was sharp and the fastest since August 2023.

Among the 12 areas of the UK, the North West, Wales and Yorkshire & Humber saw quicker contractions in unfinished business than the West Midlands. A lack of existing and new work, alongside the upcoming increase in employer National Insurance Contributions and minimum wages, prompted West Midlands companies to reduce headcounts at the end of the year. Moreover, the rate of job shedding was sharp and the quickest in over four years.

Out of the 12 monitored UK regions and nations, only Wales posted a steeper drop in employment than that registered locally. "...this trend was accompanied by a more pronounced decline in employment..."



Sources: NatWest, S&P Global PMI. ©2025 S&P Global.







### **Inflation**

#### Price gauges for the West Midlands post below UK-wide readings

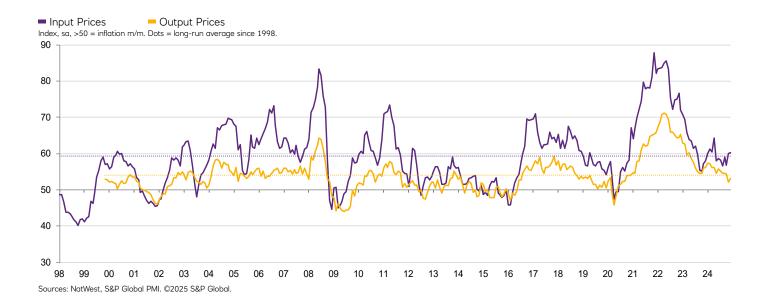
The overall expenses of companies based in the West Midlands continued to increase at the end of the year. Little-changed from November, the rate of inflation was historically sharp and the quickest for eight months.

Panel members reported having paid more for chemicals, foodstuff, insurance premiums, metals,

minerals, rubber, transportation and zinc. Yet, the rate of cost inflation was among the lowest of the 12 areas of the UK.

Amid reports of the pass-through of rising business expenses to clients, West Midlands companies lifted their selling prices again in December. Although faster than in November, the rate of inflation was below both its long-run and the UK-wide averages.

"Encouragingly, the local landscape shows signs of improved competitiveness, with the rate of charge inflation remaining the lowest in the country."





Dec '24

## **UK Regional Growth Tracker**

#### **Business Activity**

The North East and London were the two standout performers in terms of regional business activity growth in December. The only other area to see an increase in output was the East Midlands, although the rise there was modest. At the other end of the scale, the North West and Scotland recorded the joint-steepest falls in business activity, followed by Northern Ireland.

#### **Employment**

Employment growth in December was confined to just Northern Ireland. Workforce numbers fell in the remaining 11 nations and regions covered by the survey, marking the broadest decline in almost four years. For the fourth month running, companies in Wales recorded the sharpest drop in staffing levels.

#### **Future Activity**

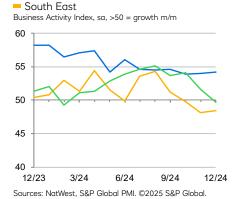
There were varying degrees of optimism towards future activity across the UK's nations and regions in December. Firms in the East Midlands were the most upbeat about the year-ahead outlook, having seen a notable rebound in confidence from the month before. Expectations deteriorated in the majority of areas, however, including Scotland which saw the weakest overall sentiment.



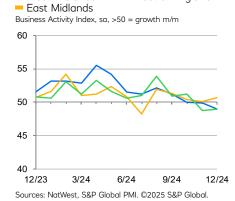
Sources: NatWest, S&P Global PMI. ©2025 S&P Global.

South West

London



West MidlandsEast of England



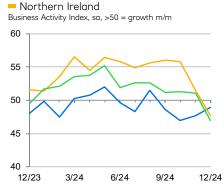
Future Activity
Index, >50 = growth expected



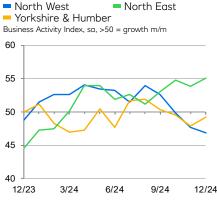
Sources: NatWest, S&P Global PMI. ©2025 S&P Global.

Scotland

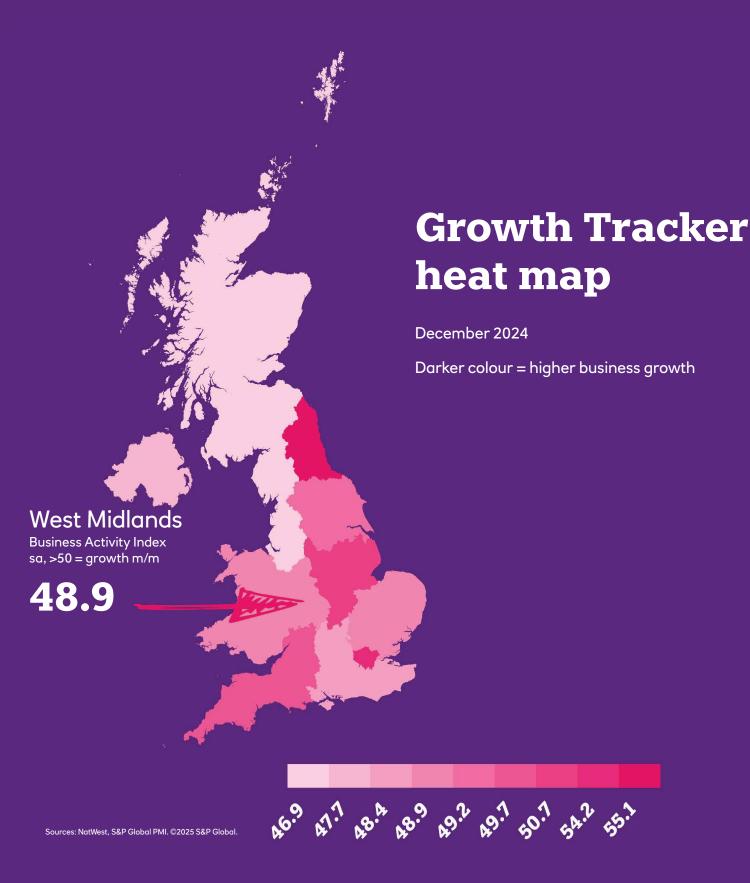
Wales



Sources: NatWest, S&P Global PMI. ©2025 S&P Global.









### **UK** sectors

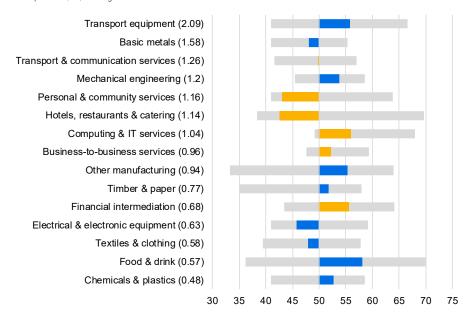
#### Sector specialisation: West Midlands

The chart shows UK output indices by sector, ranked by location quotients for the West Midlands. Location quotients (LQs) are ratios derived by comparing the share of sector output (or gross value added) in regions with the national share of output in the same sector.

Focusing on the manufacturing and service sectors in isolation, a location quotient is calculated by taking a sector's proportion of regional output and comparing it with the UK-wide share of output in the sector. An LQ of 1.0 in a sector means that the region and the UK as a whole are equally specialised in that sector. An LQ greater than 1.0 indicates that the sector has a greater economic footprint in the region than it does for the UK as a whole.

UK sectors ranked by importance to the West Midlands economy

Manufacturing — Services — 3-year range
UK Output Index, sa, >50 = growth m/m Dec '24



Sources: NatWest, S&P Global PMI. @2025 S&P Global.

Location quotients for the West Midlands are shown in brackets. Latest data are smoothed as three-month moving averages (3mma).

#### Sector in focus: Electrical & electronic equipment

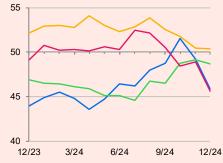
Business conditions deteriorated across the UK's electrical & electronic equipment sector in the final quarter of 2024. After a brief upturn in the autumn, production fell markedly amid a sustained downturn in new orders. Underlying data showed particular weakness in export sales.

With backlogs of work decreasing sharply, firms in the sector once again trimmed workforce numbers, to extend a sequence of staff retrenchment stretching back to September 2023. Job cuts also

coincided with a deterioration in businesses' growth forecasts to the weakest in almost four-and-a-half years.

Turning to prices, latest data showed average output charges across the UK's electrical & electronic equipment sector increasing at an above-trend rate, and one that was the quickest since Q2 2024. Firms raised selling prices in response to sustained strong growth in average input costs.





Sources: NatWest, S&P Global PMI. ©2025 S&P Global. \*Data are smoothed as three-month moving average (3mma).



### Methodology

The NatWest West Midlands Growth Tracker is compiled by S&P Global from responses to questionnaires sent to West Midlands companies that participate in S&P Global's UK manufacturing and services PMI surveys.

Survey responses are collected in the second half of each month and indicate the direction of change compared to the previous month. A diffusion index is calculated for each survey variable. The index is the sum of the percentage of 'higher' responses and half the percentage of 'unchanged' responses. The indices vary between 0 and 100, with a reading above 50 indicating an overall increase compared to the previous month, and below 50 an

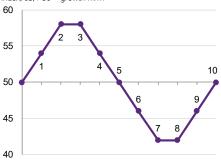
overall decrease. The indices are then seasonally adjusted.

The headline figure is the Business Activity Index. This is a diffusion index calculated from a single question that asks for changes in the volume of business activity (at service providers) or output (at manufacturers) compared with one month previously. The West Midlands Business Activity Index is comparable to the UK Composite Output Index.

Underlying survey data are not revised after publication, but seasonal adjustment factors may be revised from time to time as appropriate which will affect the seasonally adjusted data series.

For further information on the survey methodology, please contact economics@spglobal.com.

Index interpretation
Index, sa, >50 = growth m/m



Sources: NatWest S&P Global PML @2025 S&P Global

#### Key

- 1 Growth, from no change
- 2 Growth, faster rate
- 3 Growth, same rate
- 4 Growth, slower rate
- 5 No change, from growth
- 6 Decline, from no change
- 7 Decline, faster rate
- 8 Decline, same rate
- 9 Decline, slower rate
- 10 No change, from decline

### **Data**

West Midlands manufacturing and services

Index, sa, 50 = no change over previous month. \*50 = no change over next 12 months.

	Business Activity	New Business	Export Climate Index	Employment	Outstanding Business	Future Activity*	Input Prices	Output Prices
7/24	51.2	51.5	51.5	49.8	46.9	77.9	58.3	55.1
8/24	52.2	50.3	51.8	49.8	45.5	76.1	56.6	54.5
9/24	51.2	50.8	50.9	48.8	47.5	69.8	59.0	54.5
10/24	50.0	50.5	51.6	46.7	46.5	71.0	56.8	54.4
11/24	49.9	48.8	51.6	47.5	45.3	68.6	60.1	52.1
12/24	48.9	47.4	51.7	43.9	43.3	67.2	60.2	53.2



### **Further information**

#### **NatWest**

NatWest serves customers in England and Wales, supporting them with their personal, private, and business banking needs. NatWest helps customers at all stages in their lives, from opening student accounts, to buying their first home, setting up a business, and saving for retirement.

Alongside a wide range of banking services, NatWest offers businesses specialist sector knowledge in areas such as manufacturing and technology, as well as access to specialist entrepreneurial support.

www.natwest.com/business/insights/economics

www.linkedin.com/company/natwest-business/

#### PMI by S&P Global

Purchasing Managers' Index™ (PMI®) surveys are now available for over 40 countries and also for key regions including the eurozone. They are the most closely watched business surveys in the world, favoured by central banks, financial markets and business decision makers for their ability to provide up-to-date, accurate and often unique monthly indicators of economic trends.

www.spglobal.com/marketintelligence/en/mi/products/pmi

#### S&P Global

S&P Global (NYSE: SPGI) provides essential intelligence. We enable governments, businesses and individuals with the right data, expertise and connected technology so that they can make decisions with conviction. From helping our customers assess new investments to guiding them through ESG and energy transition across supply chains, we unlock new opportunities, solve challenges and accelerate progress for the world.

We are widely sought after by many of the world's leading organizations to provide credit ratings, benchmarks, analytics and workflow solutions in the global capital, commodity and automotive markets. With every one of our offerings, we help the world's leading organizations plan for tomorrow, today.

www.spglobal.com

#### Contact

Kate Visser Regional Media & Campaigns Manager +44 (0) 7970 947694 kate.visser@natwest.com

Pollyanna De Lima Economics Associate Director S&P Global Market Intelligence +44 1491 461 075 pollyanna.delima@spglobal.com

Corporate Communications S&P Global Market Intelligence press.mi@spglobal.com



#### Disclaimer

The intellectual property rights to the data provided herein are owned by or licensed to S&P Global and/or its affiliates. Any unauthorised use, including but not limited to copying, distributing, transmitting or otherwise of any data appearing is not permitted without S&P Global's prior consent. S&P Global shall not have any liability, duty or obligation for or relating to the content or information ("Data") contained herein, any errors, inaccuracies, omissions or delays in the Data, or for any actions taken in reliance thereon. In no event shall S&P Global be liable for any special, incidental, or consequential damages, arising out of the use of the Data. Purchasing Managers' Index™ and PMI® are either trade marks or registered trade marks of S&P Global Inc or licensed to S&P Global Inc and/or its affiliates.

This Content was published by S&P Global Market Intelligence and not by S&P Global Ratings, which is a separately managed division of S&P Global. Reproduction of any information, data or material, including ratings ("Content") in any form is prohibited except with the prior written permission of the relevant party. Such party, its affiliates and suppliers ("Content Providers") do not guarantee the accuracy, adequacy, completeness, timeliness or availability of any Content and are not responsible for any errors or omissions (negligent or otherwise), regardless of the cause, or for the results obtained from the use of such Content. In no event shall Content Providers be liable for any damages, costs, expenses, legal fees, or losses (including lost income or lost profit and apportunity costs) in connection with any use of the Content.



