10 December 2024

# NatWest East of England Growth Tracker

New business increases in November









# NatWest East of England Growth Tracker

Contents

Key findings

Business activity

Comment

Demand and outlook

**Export markets** 

Jobs and capacity

Inflation

**UK Regional Growth Tracker** 

**UK** sectors

Methodology and data

Further information





# **Key findings**

November 2024

New business increases for fourth time in five months

Slight reduction in total activity for first time in a year

Input price inflation jointlowest in four years The NatWest East of England Growth Tracker provides a timely snapshot of regional economic performance.

The report tracks monthly changes in business activity, demand, employment, backlogs, prices and the year-ahead outlook. The data are compiled from local companies that participate in S&P Global's UK manufacturing and services PMI surveys.

For more reports on 12 UK nations and regions, visit www.natwest.com/business/insights/economics







# New business increases in November

Demand for private sector output of goods and services in the East of England increased in November, according to the latest NatWest Growth Tracker data. The latest survey also signalled weaker inflation of firms' input costs.

Although new business rose, the total level of business activity dipped slightly for the first time in 2024. The NatWest East of England Growth Tracker Business Activity Index – a seasonally adjusted index that measures the month-on-month

change in the combined output of the region's manufacturing and service sectors – eased below the no-change mark of 50.0 to signal lower output in the region. The Index posted 48.7, from 51.2 in October, indicating only a modest rate of contraction on the back of 11 successive monthly increases.

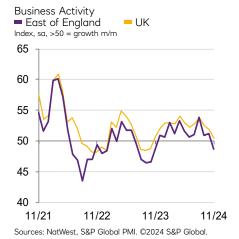
Six out of 12 UK nations and regions posted lower output in November, with the steepest declines in Wales and the North West. London recorded the strongest growth.

NatWest East of England Business Activity Index November 2024

48.7

The Business Activity Index is a diffusion index calculated from companies' responses to a question on monthly changes in the volume of business activity. The index varies between 0 and 100 and is the sum of the percentage of 'higher' responses and half the percentage of 'unchanged' responses. A reading above 50 indicates an increase compared to the previous month, and below 50 a decrease. The index is seasonally adjusted.

Data compiled 12-27 November



1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 6/24 7/24 8/24 9/24 10/24 11/24

East of England

West Midlands

East Midlands

Business Activity Index, UK ranking





### Comment

#### Lisa Phillips, Regional Managing Director, Midlands and East, Commercial Mid Markets

"The main positive for the East of England from the latest survey was a renewed increase in new business. This suggests that the slight dip in total activity in November, following 11 successive monthly increases, might be temporary as firms paused to readjust business plans following the Budget.

"There was also some encouragement regarding inflation. Average input prices rose at the joint-slowest rate in four years, and one that fell further below the long-run survey average. This was slightly tempered by a sharper increase in prices charged for goods and services. Output price inflation has remained stubbornly high but is set to end 2024 well down on the record levels seen in 2021-22."

### Business Activity Index, sa, >50 = growth m/m. Dots = long-run average since 1998.







### **Demand and outlook**

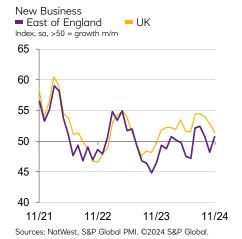
### Renewed increase in new business in November

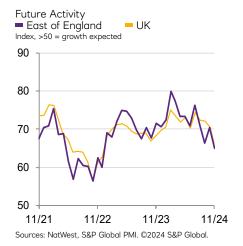
Private sector companies in the East of England reported a rise in the volume of incoming new business in November, with growth reported from both existing and new clients. Demand has improved four times in the past five months. The rate of expansion was only modest, however, with some firms linking subdued demand from customers to high tax burdens.

The East of England was one of only four UK areas to see higher new orders in November, the others being London, the North East and the South West. Overall UK new business growth slowed to the weakest in the current 12-month upturn.

Businesses in the East of England remained optimistic of growth over the next 12 months in November, linked to new products, political stability, lower interest rates and marketing campaigns.

That said, the strength of sentiment eased since October, in line with the trend shown across all UK regions except the North East. "The main positive for the East of England from the latest survey was a renewed increase in new business"









# **Jobs and capacity**

### Private sector employment falls more slowly

Workforce numbers across the East of England's private sector fell for the third month running in November. This was linked to increased costs associated with the upcoming employer National Insurance and the minimum wage rises, recruitment freezes, full time staff moving to part time roles and less spending on temporary workers. The region was one of seven UK areas to see lower staffing, with an overall reduction at the UK level for the second month running.

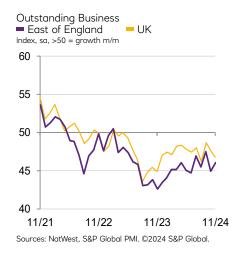
That said, the rate of job shedding eased since October for both the East of England and the UK as a whole.

The ongoing reduction in headcounts also reflected spare capacity in the private sector.

Outstanding work fell further in November, as has been the case every month since May 2022 except for a brief increase in February 2023. The rate of backlog depletion eased since October but remained faster than the UK average. Only the North East and South West recorded rising levels of outstanding business in November.

"The rate of job shedding eased since October for both the East of England and the UK as a whole"









### **Inflation**

# Input prices rise at joint-slowest rate in four years, but charge inflation accelerates

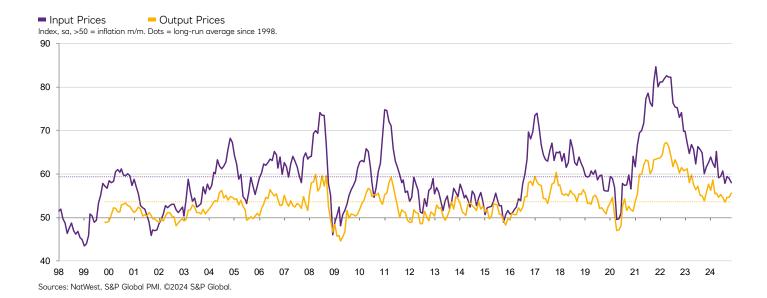
November data signalled waning cost pressures at private sector firms in the East of England, with the rate of input price inflation slowing for the third time in four months. The seasonally adjusted Input Prices Index equalled its lowest level in four years and moved further below its long-run trend level of 59.1. Some firms linked higher costs to the recent Budget, however.

Cost pressures in the East of England

were the joint-weakest in the UK, with Wales. The UK rate of input price inflation rose to a seven-month high and the East of England was one of only two UK regions to post a slower rate of inflation in the latest period, the other being London.

Although costs rose more slowly, companies in the East of England raised their own charges at the strongest rate in seven months. Some firms linked higher charges to the recent Budget. Only Northern Ireland recorded a faster rate of charge inflation than the East of England.

"Average input prices rose at the joint-slowest rate in four years, and one that fell further below the longrun survey average."





## **UK Regional Growth Tracker**

#### **Business Activity**

Growth of business activity in November was led by London, with the North East close behind. Northern Ireland, the strongest performer in the previous four months, lost momentum and posted its weakest expansion since January. Half of the 12 nations and regions monitored saw a fall in output, the steepest of which were recorded in Wales and the North West.

#### **Employment**

The North East topped the rankings for job creation at the midway point in the fourth quarter. It was one of five areas to see a rise in workforce numbers, alongside London, Northern Ireland, Scotland and Yorkshire & Humber. For the third month running, the most marked drop in employment was recorded in Wales.

#### **Future Activity**

Firms in London were by some margin the most optimistic about future activity in November. Growth expectations did however weaken almost universally from the month before, with only the North East going against the trend. Businesses operating in Northern Ireland were the least hopeful of a rise in output over the next 12 months, as was also the case in October.

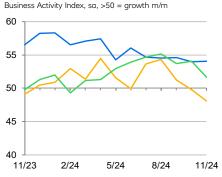


Sources: NatWest, S&P Global PMI. ©2024 S&P Global.

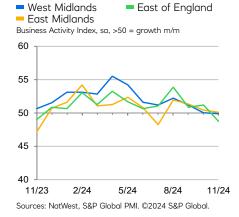
South West

London

South East



Sources: NatWest, S&P Global PMI. @2024 S&P Global.



Future Activity Index, >50 = growth expected



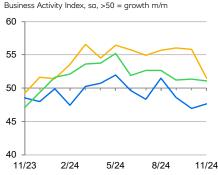
Sources: NatWest, S&P Global PMI. ©2024 S&P Global.

Scotland

Wales

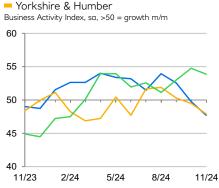
Northern Ireland

North West

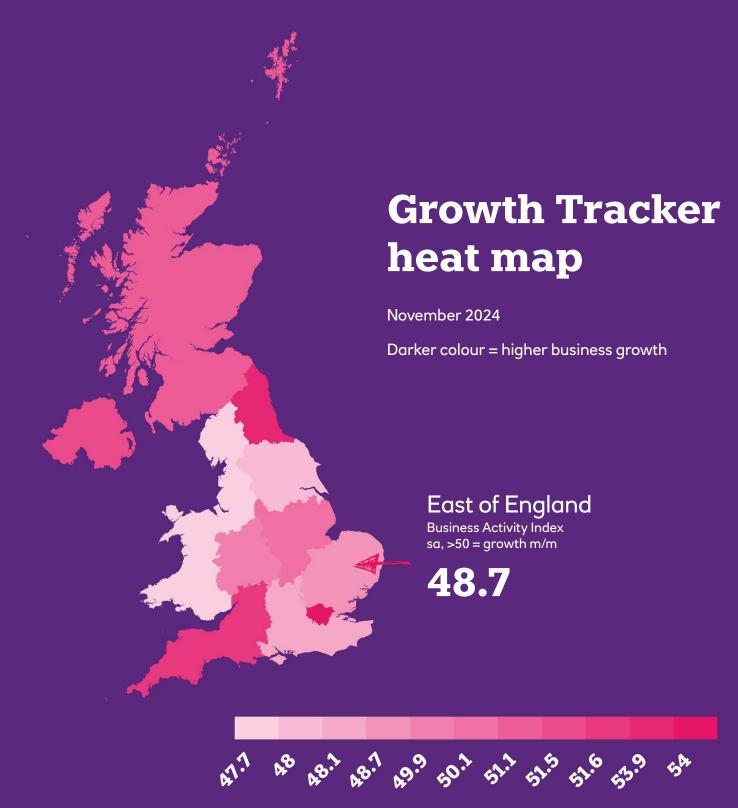


Sources: NatWest, S&P Global PMI, @2024 S&P Global.

North East









### **UK** sectors

#### Sector specialisation: East of England

The chart shows UK output indices by sector, ranked by location quotients for the East of England. Location quotients (LQs) are ratios derived by comparing the share of sector output (or gross value added) in regions with the national share of output in the same sector.

Focusing on the manufacturing and service sectors in isolation, a location quotient is calculated by taking a sector's proportion of regional output and comparing it with the UK-wide share of output in the sector. An LQ of 1.0 in a sector means that the region and the UK as a whole are equally specialised in that sector. An LQ greater than 1.0 indicates that the sector has a greater economic footprint in the region than it does for the UK as a whole.

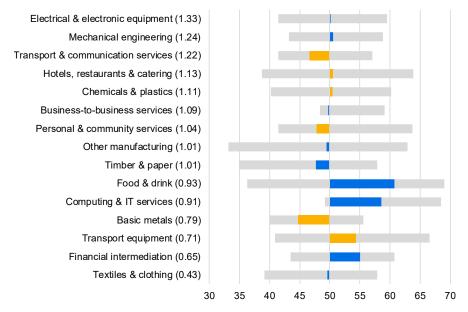
UK sectors ranked by importance to the East of England economy

Manufacturing

Services

3-year range

UK Output Index, sa, >50 = growth m/m Nov '24



Sources: NatWest, S&P Global PMI. @2024 S&P Global.

Location quotients for the East of England are shown in brackets. Latest data are smoothed as three-month moving averages (3mma).

#### Sector in focus: Computing & IT services

Computing & IT services was one of the UK's fastest-growing sectors in the three months to November, according to latest PMI data. Its steep rise in output was second only to that recorded in the food & drink category.

Employment in Computing & IT services has risen continuously since Q3 2020. However, the pace of job creation has slowed in recent months to is lowest in around four years. This has in turn led to growing backlogs of work as firms have struggled to keep up with

sustained sharp growth in new business, which has continued to run at one of the quickest rates seen in over 28 years of data collection.

Alongside the slowdown in the pace of hiring, there has been a softening of cost pressures in the sector. Input price inflation in the three months to November was well below the average since the pandemic and by far the weakest among the six broad services categories monitored by the PMI data.





Sources: NatWest, S&P Global PMI. ©2024 S&P Global. \*Data are smoothed as three-month moving average (3mma).



### Methodology

The NatWest East of England Growth Tracker is compiled by S&P Global from responses to questionnaires sent to East of England companies that participate in S&P Global's UK manufacturing and services PMI surveys.

Survey responses are collected in the second half of each month and indicate the direction of change compared to the previous month. A diffusion index is calculated for each survey variable. The index is the sum of the percentage of 'higher' responses and half the percentage of 'unchanged' responses. The indices vary between 0 and 100, with a reading above 50 indicating an overall increase compared to the previous month, and below 50 an

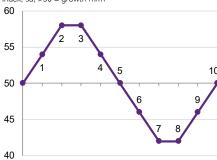
overall decrease. The indices are then seasonally adjusted.

The headline figure is the Business Activity Index. This is a diffusion index calculated from a single question that asks for changes in the volume of business activity (at service providers) or output (at manufacturers) compared with one month previously. The East of England Business Activity Index is comparable to the UK Composite Output Index.

Underlying survey data are not revised after publication, but seasonal adjustment factors may be revised from time to time as appropriate which will affect the seasonally adjusted data series.

For further information on the survey methodology, please contact economics@spglobal.com.

Index interpretation
Index, sa, >50 = growth m/m



Sources: NatWest S&P Global PMI @2024 S&P Global

#### Key

- 1 Growth, from no change
- 2 Growth, faster rate
- 3 Growth, same rate
- 4 Growth, slower rate
- 5 No change, from growth
- 6 Decline, from no change
- 7 Decline, faster rate
- 8 Decline, same rate
- 9 Decline, slower rate
- 10 No change, from decline

### **Data**

East of England manufacturing and services

Index, sa, 50 = no change over previous month. \*50 = no change over next 12 months.

	Business Activity	New Business	Export Climate Index	Employment	Outstanding Business	Future Activity*	Input Prices	Output Prices
6/24	50.6	47.2	51.8	50.1	44.8	70.9	59.4	55.3
7/24	51.0	52.1	51.1	51.1	46.9	76.3	60.6	54.6
8/24	53.9	52.4	51.5	52.4	45.5	71.2	57.9	53.6
9/24	50.9	50.7	50.5	49.1	47.6	66.5	59.4	54.6
10/24	51.2	48.1	51.1	47.7	44.9	70.4	59.0	54.7
11/24	48.7	50.7		48.0	46.1	65.1	57.9	55.6



### **Further information**

#### **NatWest**

NatWest serves customers in England and Wales, supporting them with their personal, private, and business banking needs. NatWest helps customers at all stages in their lives, from opening student accounts, to buying their first home, setting up a business, and saving for retirement.

Alongside a wide range of banking services, NatWest offers businesses specialist sector knowledge in areas such as manufacturing and technology, as well as access to specialist entrepreneurial support.

www.natwest.com/business/insights/economics

www.linkedin.com/company/natwest-business/

#### PMI by S&P Global

Purchasing Managers' Index<sup>™</sup> (PMI<sup>®</sup>) surveys are now available for over 40 countries and also for key regions including the eurozone. They are the most closely watched business surveys in the world, favoured by central banks, financial markets and business decision makers for their ability to provide up-to-date, accurate and often unique monthly indicators of economic trends.

www.spglobal.com/marketintelligence/en/mi/products/pmi

#### S&P Global

S&P Global (NYSE: SPGI) provides essential intelligence. We enable governments, businesses and individuals with the right data, expertise and connected technology so that they can make decisions with conviction. From helping our customers assess new investments to guiding them through ESG and energy transition across supply chains, we unlock new opportunities, solve challenges and accelerate progress for the world.

We are widely sought after by many of the world's leading organizations to provide credit ratings, benchmarks, analytics and workflow solutions in the global capital, commodity and automotive markets. With every one of our offerings, we help the world's leading organizations plan for tomorrow, today.

www.spglobal.com

#### Contact

Kate Visser Regional Media & Campaigns Manager NatWest 07970 947694 kate.visser@natwest.com

Trevor Balchin Economics Director S&P Global Market Intelligence T: +44 1491 461065 trevor.balchin@spglobal.com

Sabrina Mayeen Corporate Communications S&P Global Market Intelligence T: +44 (0) 7967 447030 sabrina.mayeen@spglobal.com



#### Disclaimer

The intellectual property rights to the data provided herein are owned by or licensed to S&P Global and/or its affiliates. Any unauthorised use, including but not limited to copying, distributing, transmitting or otherwise of any data appearing is not permitted without S&P Global's prior consent. S&P Global shall not have any liability, duty or obligation for or relating to the content or information ("Data") contained herein, any errors, inaccuracies, omissions or delays in the Data, or for any actions taken in reliance thereon. In no event shall S&P Global be liable for any special, incidental, or consequential damages, arising out of the use of the Data. Purchasing Managers' Index™ and PMI® are either trade marks or registered trade marks of S&P Global Inc or licensed to S&P Global Inc and/or its affiliates.

This Content was published by S&P Global Market Intelligence and not by S&P Global Ratings, which is a separately managed division of S&P Global. Reproduction of any information, data or material, including ratings ("Content") in any form is prohibited except with the prior written permission of the relevant party. Such party, its affiliates and suppliers ("Content Providers") do not guarantee the accuracy, adequacy, completeness, timeliness or availability of any Content and are not responsible for any errors or omissions (negligent or otherwise), regardless of the cause, or for the results obtained from the use of such Content. In no event shall Content Providers be liable for any damages, costs, expenses, legal fees, or losses (including lost income or lost profit and apportunity costs) in connection with any use of the Content.



